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# VASAVI COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING (Autonomous), HYDERABAD B.E. (CBCS: EEE) III-Semester Main Examinations, December-2017

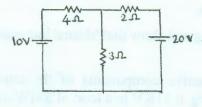
## **Electrical Circuits-I**

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Note: Answer ALL questions in Part-A and any FIVE from Part-B Part-A ( $10 \times 2=20$  Marks)

- 1. Explain passive sign convention using suitable example.
- 2. A Pure inductor acts as a short circuit to DC at steady state. Justify.
- 3. Draw power triangle and hence define power factor.
- 4. With respect to an Alternating Quantity, differentiate between frequency and angular velocity 'ω'.
- 5. Find by superposition theorem current through  $4\Omega$  resistor for the circuit shown in fig.1

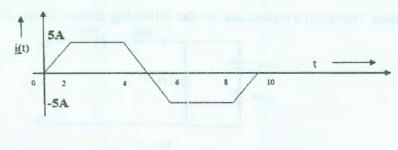




- 6. State Tellegan's theorem as applied both ac & dc networks.
- 7. Define Q factor. What is its significance?
- 8. Is resonant frequency dependent on circuit resistance? Comment.
- 9. Deduce the relationship between line & phase quantities in a  $3\square$  Star system.
- 10. Explain the concept of mutual inductance with respect to a transformer.

### Part-B $(5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ Marks})$

- 11. a) Derive for the energy stored in an inductance.
  - b) A pure inductance of 3 mH carries a current of the wave form shown in fig.2 Sketch the [7] wave forms of v(t) & p(t). Also determine the average power consumed by the inductor



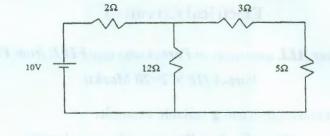


- 12. a) Perform steady state analysis for a pure capacitor and hence show that the power factor is [5] zero lagging.
  - b) A series circuit consisting of a 10  $\Omega$  resistor, a 100  $\mu$ F capacitance and a 10 mH [5] inductance is driven by an AC source of 100V, 50 Hz. Calculate the equivalent impedance, current, power factor & power dissipated in the circuit.

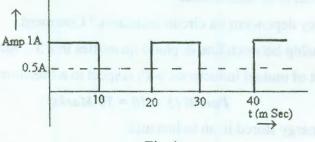
[3]

[5]

- 13. a) State and explain Reciprocity theorem.
  - b) By Norton's theorem find the current through  $5\Omega$  resistor for the circuit shown in fig.3. [5]



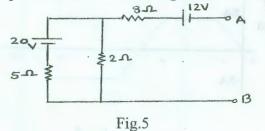
- Fig. 3
- 14. a) Draw the current locus of a network having fixed resistance & variable capacitance. [5]
  b) A series RLC with 10 Ω, 1 mH& 1 µF is connected across a sinusoidal source of 20 V [5]
  - & variable frequency. Determine:
    - i. The resonant frequency
    - ii. Q factor
    - iii. Half power frequencies
- 15. a) Explain coefficient of coupling and show that Mutual inductance is directly dependant on [4] this factor.
  - b) Calculate the active and reactive components of the current in each phase of a star connected generator supplying at 11KV to a load of 5MW at 0.8 pf lagging. What is the value of new output if the total current is same and the pf is raised to 0.85?
- 16. a) By taking an example explain the concept of a Super node.b) Find form factor for the waveform shown in fig.4.





### 17. Answer any two of the following:

a) Determine Thevenin's equivalent for the following circuit shown in fig.5.



- b) Show that quality factor (Q) =  $\frac{\omega_0}{BW}$  for a series RLC circuit.
- c) A star connected load with  $Z_R = 10 \angle 0^0 \Omega$ ,  $Z_Y = 10 \angle 60^0 \Omega$  and  $Z_B = 10 \angle -60^0 \Omega$  is [5] connected to a 3-phase 3-wire 400 V RYB system. Find the voltages across the load impedances  $V_{RO}$ ,  $V_{YO}$ ,  $V_{BO}$  and  $V_{ON}$ .

[5]

[5]

[5]

[5]